

1. 請框出答案. 2. 不可使用手機、計算器，禁止作弊!
3. 作答完畢請拍照上傳 Googld Classroom
4. 照片請清晰並轉正

1. Let  $V$  and  $V'$  be vector spaces with ordered basis  $B = (\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2, \vec{b}_3, \vec{b}_4)$  and  $B' = (\vec{b}'_1, \vec{b}'_2, \vec{b}'_3)$ , respectively.  $T : V \rightarrow V'$ , be the linear transformation having matrix  $A$  as matrix representation relative to  $B, B'$ . Find  $T(\vec{v})$  and  $\ker(T)$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 & 1 \\ 0 & -6 & -20 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{v} = \vec{b}_1 - \vec{b}_2 + \vec{b}_3 + 2\vec{b}_4$$

Answer: (a)  $T(\vec{v}) = \underline{6 \vec{b}'_1 + 7 \vec{b}'_2 - 14 \vec{b}'_3}$ . (b) the  $\ker(T) = \underline{\left\{ r \left( \frac{-4}{3} \vec{b}_1 + \frac{5}{3} \vec{b}_2 - \frac{1}{2} \vec{b}_3 + \vec{b}_4 \right) \mid r \in \mathbb{R} \right\}}$ .

$$\vec{v}_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A\vec{v}_B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \\ -14 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence  $T(\vec{v}) = 6 \vec{b}'_1 + 7 \vec{b}'_2 - 14 \vec{b}'_3$

$$\text{rref}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -5/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence the kernel of  $A$  is

$$\left\{ r \begin{bmatrix} -4/3 \\ 5/3 \\ -1/2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mid r \in \mathbb{R} \right\}.$$

Therefore, the kernel of  $T$  is

$$\left\{ r \left( \frac{-4}{3} \vec{b}_1 + \frac{5}{3} \vec{b}_2 - \frac{1}{2} \vec{b}_3 + \vec{b}_4 \right) \mid r \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$