

不可使用手機、計算器，禁止作弊!

1. (a) Determine whether the set $\{x - 2, x^2 + 3, 2x^3 + x, 2x^2 + 1\}$ is a basis for the vector space P_3 (polynomials of degree at most 3, and 0). **Answer:** (Yes / No)
- (b) If part (a) is correct, find the coordinate vector of the given vector relative to the indicated ordered basis.
 $2x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x - 5$ in P_3 relative to $(x - 2, x^2 + 3, 2x^3 + x, 2x^2 + 1)$.

Answer: the coordinate vector is [1, -2, 1, 3]

Solution :

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & -5 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

2. Please give an example satisfy

- (a) A vector in V have the same coordinate vector relative to different ordered bases for V .

Solution :

我上課講解過了！這邊就不另放答案。

- (b) A vector in V have the different coordinate vectors relative to different ordered bases for V .

Solution :

- (c) Two different vectors in V have the same coordinate vector relative to different ordered bases for V .

Solution :

- (d) Two different vectors in V have the different coordinate vector relative to a ordered bases for V .

Solution :