

不可使用手機、計算器，禁止作弊!

1. Find a basis for the solution set of the following homogeneous linear system.

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_3 - x_4 = 0 \\ x_2 + 2x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Answer:  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ .

**Solution :**

The corresponding augmented matrix  $[A|\vec{b}]$  is

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Let  $x_3 = r, x_4 = s$ , then  $\begin{cases} r - s + x_1 = 0 \\ 2r + x_2 = 0 \end{cases}$ , we have

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -r + s \\ -2r \\ r \\ s \end{bmatrix} = r \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Prove or disprove the following.

- (a) The sum of two solution vectors of any homogeneous linear system is also a solution vector of the system.

**Solution :**

1-6 #38 (g) or Theorem 1.13 with  $r = s = 1$ .

- (b) If  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  are two subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , then their intersection  $W_1 \cap W_2$  is also a subspace.

**Solution :**

1-6 #44