

不可使用手機、計算器，禁止作弊!

1. Find the projection matrix for the plane  $W : x - 3y - 2z = 0$  and then find the projection of  $\vec{b} = [2, 1, 3]$  on the plane.

**Answer:** the projection matrix =  $P = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & -6 \\ 2 & -6 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\vec{b}_W = \frac{1}{14} [35 \quad -7 \quad 28]$

**Solution :**

(Method from 6.4 example 3)

Pick  $\vec{a}_1 = [3, 1, 0]^T$ ,  $\vec{a}_2 = [2, 0, 1]^T$  such that  $W = sp(\vec{a}_1, \vec{a}_2)$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, (A^T A)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -6 \\ -6 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

The projection matrix P is

$$P = A(A^T A)^{-1} A^T = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -6 \\ -6 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & -6 \\ 2 & -6 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{b}_W^T = P \vec{b}^T = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & -6 \\ 2 & -6 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ -7 \\ 28 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Prove one of the following statements: (只需要証一個，記得圈出你要證哪個)
- (a) Show that every real symmetric matrix whose only eigenvalues are 0 and 1 is a projection matrix.
  - (b) Show that a projection matrix for a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  has only 0 and 1 as its eigenvalues.

**Solution :**

**(a)** 6-4 # 20.

**(b)** 6-4 # 19(a).