

應數一線性代數 2021 秋, 期末考

學號: _____, 姓名: _____

本次考試共有 7 頁 (包含封面), 有 11 題。如有缺頁或漏題, 請立刻告知監考人員。

考試須知:

- 請在第一頁及最後一頁填上姓名學號。
- 不可翻閱課本或筆記。
- 計算題請寫出計算過程, 閱卷人員會視情況給予部份分數。沒有計算過程, 就算回答正確答案也不會得到滿分。答卷請清楚乾淨, 儘可能標記或是框出最終答案。
- 書寫空間不夠時, 可利用試卷背面, 但須標記清楚。

高師大校訓: 誠敬宏遠

誠: 一生動念都是誠實端正的。 敬: 就是對知識的認真尊重。
宏: 開拓視界, 恢宏心胸。 遠: 任重致遠, 不畏艱難。

請簽名保證以下答題都是由你自己作答的, 並沒有得到任何的外部幫助。

簽名: _____

3. (10 points) Let $V = \text{sp}(e^{2x}, e^{4x}, e^{8x})$, $V' = \text{sp}(e^{3x}, e^{7x}, e^{9x})$ are the subspaces of the vector space of all real-valued functions with domain \mathbb{R} , and let $B = (e^{2x}, e^{4x}, e^{8x})$, $B' = (e^{3x}, e^{7x}, e^{9x})$. Let $T : V \rightarrow V'$ be the linear transformation having the given matrix A as matrix representation relative to B, B' .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix},$$

Find $T(ae^{2x} + be^{4x} + ce^{8x}) =$ _____

4. (10 points) Suppose that A is a 4×4 matrix with determinant 3.

(a) Find $\det(5A) =$ _____

(b) Find $\det(A^{-1}) =$ _____

(c) Find $\det(2A^{-1}) =$ _____

(d) Find $\det((2A)^{-1}) =$ _____

5. (10 points) Suppose that A is a 3×3 matrix with row vectors \vec{a}, \vec{b} , and \vec{c} , and that $\det(A) = 3$. Find the determinant of the matrix having $2\vec{a} + 3\vec{b} + 2\vec{c}, \vec{c}, \vec{a}$ as its row vectors

Determinant = _____

6. (10 points)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

The inverse of A = _____, and the adjoint matrix of A = _____

7. (5 points) Let $\vec{a} = \vec{i} - 2\vec{k}$, $\vec{b} = -\vec{i} + 3\vec{j}$, $\vec{c} = \vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + \vec{k}$.

Find $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) =$ _____

8. (10 points) Find out whether points $(0, 0, 0, 0)$, $(2, 1, 0, 0)$, $(3, -2, 0, 0)$, $(0, 0, 2, 6)$ and $(0, 0, 2, 3)$ lie in a plane in \mathbb{R}^4 .

Answer: _____

9. (10 points) Let $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear transformation defined by $T([x, y]) = [y, x, 3x + y]$. Let D be the rectangle $2 \leq x \leq 3, -1 \leq y \leq 4$. Find the area of $T(D)$.

Answer: _____

10. (10 points) Circle True or False. **Write down the explanation if the statement is False.** Read each statement in original Greek before answering.

- | | | | |
|-----|------|-------|---|
| (a) | True | False | There's an unique coordinate vector associated with each vector \vec{v} in V relative to an ordered basis for V |
| (b) | True | False | For every vector \vec{b}' in V' , the function $T_{\vec{b}'} : V \rightarrow V'$ defined by $T_{\vec{b}'}(\vec{v}) = \vec{b}'$ for all \vec{v} in V is a linear transformation. |
| (c) | True | False | The parallelogram (平行四邊形) in \mathbb{R}^2 determined by non-zero vectors \vec{a}, \vec{b} is a square (正方形) if and only if $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 0$ |
| (d) | True | False | The product of a square matrix and its adjoint is the identity matrix. |
| (e) | True | False | There is no square matrix A such that $\det(A^T A) = -1$. |

